

CURRENT COMMENT

The directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company met in New York the other day and re-elected the old officers.

The price of the two Bibles sold to one of the Rothschild family from the Hamelin collection is said to be \$250,000.

Mrs. PRECIVAL, one of the victims of the Kansas County (Neb.) tragedy, wherein six persons were mysteriously murdered, was said to be a niece of Dr. Tanner, of Lansing, Mich.

CARDINAL JACOBINI, by order of the Pope, recently mailed to Archbishop Gibbons, of Baltimore, extensive formula for the conduct of the Plenary Council to be held in that city on November 5, including rules of procedure. There will be no Plenary Consistory until December.

PRINCE HIRSHACK, who received on the last anniversary of the capitulation of Sedan the Ordre pour le Merite, is now the possessor of all the highest Prussian orders but one. Inclusive of his foreign orders, he has no fewer than forty-seven, among which the first place is due to the Black Eagle Order, with jewels.

EXTENSIVE frauds upon the revenue were recently discovered at Chicago, wherein old stamps were used upon cigars. Fifteen thousand domestic cigars bearing import stamps were seized. Government officials asserted that these cigars were made in New York, and bear old import stamps taken from boxes of imported cigars, and import duties assessed and others substituted.

The Civil Service examinations for appointments for service in the departments at Washington, will be held at Chicago, October 30. Applications for this examination must be sent to the Civil Service Commission, at Washington. A similar examination is proposed at St. Louis, October 31. Applicants for special examinations for the Patent Office will be examined at the same time.

The North Carolina State Exposition at Raleigh is in perfect shape. Four acres of ground are covered by the main building and entirely filled with exhibits. All the machinery in the place represents over thirty industries. The State exhibits 7,000 different articles and the counties show over 50,000. The range of exhibits as well as the excellence is very far beyond anything believed possible.

Mrs. KRATZKE, the wife of the imprisoned Prince and exile, has not yet reached her thirtieth year. She is rather short in stature, though firmly built and well shaped, and her olive complexion is made most fascinating by her clear-cut, regular features and deep, expressive black eyes. She has heroically stood by her husband since his imprisonment, and is no less ardent and sincere in her love for the cause of the Nihilists than he is.

MONSIEUR DE CAPEL visited a grammar school in New York Thursday, and among other things, the "Star-Spangled Banner" was sung. The visitor made some remarks, and asked the pupils why this song was called the home of the brave. One little girl raised her hand and innocently answered, in her treble voice: "Because we whipped the English, sir." The great man smiled and the teachers smothered their merriment in various ways.

The October returns to the Department of Agriculture at Washington showed the average condition of the corn crop to be higher than at any time for the past five years. The crop of the country is estimated 70,000,000 of acres, with an average of twenty-six bushels to the acre. West of the Mississippi the average is large, but east of the river the crop is materially impaired by drought. The wheat crop will excel that of last year by about 100,000,000 bushels.

GOVERNOR ABBETT, of New Jersey has during his term of office taken a strong stand against a certain class of criminals. Christian Kiefer, the defaulting Treasurer of Union Hill, ended his term of three and a half years in the State Prison a short time since. His conduct has been most exemplary during his entire term of imprisonment, not a single charge of misconduct having been made against him. Strong pressure was brought to bear on Governor ABBETT during the past year to pardon Kiefer, but it was of no avail, he always making the same reply: "No man will be pardoned out of State Prison, while I am Governor, who has betrayed a public trust."

ABOUT a year ago there appeared an advertisement in a Cincinnati paper, from a widow of Parker's Landing, Pa., soliciting correspondence. It was answered by Thomas J. Welch, a very light colored barber, of Indianapolis, and a correspondence ensued, lasting until July. Then the widow, whose name was Orton, suggested that their engagement, which had in the meantime been entered into, be fulfilled. Welch had represented himself to be a physician, and he wrote saying he could not leave. A ceremony was performed, however, by telegraph. Mrs. Orton and a minister standing by, the ceremony of a free from Yazoo City to Memphis, to tap the territory tributary to the Mississippi and Tennessee Rivers, which recently passed into the hands of a rival company.

A PARTY of seventeen persons, most of whom are missionaries, lately left Atlanta, Ga., for China. Some of the ladies will organize, in Shanghai, a high school for girls.

A HORRIBLE crime was recently brought to light at Troy, Ind., by the finding of the headless body of a woman in a cistern on the farm of Peter Becker. The body was made and the head was found one hundred yards distant. It was afterwards found to be the body of a Mrs. Henderson, and investigation proved that she was murdered by her husband and sons. One of the sons and the husband were soon mobbed near Troy.

THE WORLD'S DOINGS

A Summary of the Daily News.

POLITICAL AND PERSONAL.

The Temperance party won a complete victory lately in Toronto, Canada.

GOVERNOR ST. JOHN, Prohibition candidate for President, has issued a letter reiterating the reasons why he should not withdraw from the race. The letter is addressed to Prof. Theodore D. Woolsey, of New Haven, and a dozen other eminent scholars.

GENERAL WOLSELEY has been instructed to have the Government Intelligence Bureau of Egypt strictly supervise all telegrams of newspaper correspondents.

The President has recognized Henry Davidson Walker as British Consul Agent for Europe, Africa and Oceania, Cal., and Felipe Lelonde as Consul of Mexico at Albuquerque, N. M.

MINICHAELISM.

The officers of the New Orleans Produce Exchange lately called Governor McEnery's attention to the steady enlargement of the Atchafalaya outlet of the Mississippi and conveying the belief that there is danger of the water of the Mississippi being absorbed into that river, and thus finding its way to the sea, leaving New Orleans on the banks of a lagoon as Victoria has been left. They ask that the facts may be laid before the President and Congress.

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THE MEXICAN VETERANS.

Proceedings of the Twelfth Annual Reunion.

St. Louis, Mo., October 15.

The proceedings in connection with the twelfth annual reunion of Mexican Veterans of the 1846-48 war were continued yesterday morning. The inaugural meeting on Wednesday was held at the Hotel de Ville, but as the theater was not available for the subsequent gatherings they were held in Druid's Hall. There were about 500 of the veterans in attendance. Several ladies were also present, and the meeting was a most successful one.

General M. D. Monson presided. The proceedings in the morning were of a business character. Nearly three hours were occupied in going through the roll of the veterans. Several attempts were made to take the list as read, but the meeting lasted on the roll being called and the veterans giving names and addresses.

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OUR INTERNAL COMMERCE.

Facts Gleaned From the Report of the Bureau of Statistics, Showing the Magnitude of Our Internal Commerce.

Washington, D. C., October 15.

Mr. Ninio, Chief of the Statistics, yesterday handed to the Secretary of the Treasury, the matter of chief importance treated of is the enormous magnitude of our internal commerce. It is shown that the value of the products of the various industries of the United States is seven times that of our foreign commerce; nearly three times the total value of the foreign commerce of Great Britain and Ireland, and five times the total value of the foreign commerce of France, including in each case both imports and exports.

The total value of the products of industry in the United States is also shown to be a little more than twice the total value of imports of merchandise from all the countries of Europe. The United States is now the largest manufacturing country in the world. The value of products of American manufacture consumed at home is five times the value of the manufactured products of Great Britain and Ireland exported to all other countries, and more than fourteen times the value of the exports of manufactured products from France to all other countries.

The relative value of the internal as compared with the foreign commerce of the country is also illustrated by statements showing that 29 per cent of the coal mined in this country, 95 per cent of the iron and steel, 85 per cent of the products of our leather industry, more than 99 per cent of our manufactures of wool, 95 per cent of the products of our cotton industry, more than 99 per cent of our manufactures of silk, and 97 per cent of our manufactures of glass, glassware, cutlery and other articles are consumed within the United States.

Referring to periods of phenomenal prosperity and of phenomenal depression, which have from the beginning of the century, the Secretary said: "Experience has proved these fluctuations to be but the symptoms of an exuberant and uncontrollable spirit of enterprise, outrunning the possibilities of a healthy and well-proportioned development, even in this land of abundant natural resources."

RESOLUTIONS. The committee then reported. On the recommendation of the committee, four resolutions were unanimously adopted by the meeting. The first congratulated the association on the attendance of so many veterans at the reunion, and expressed appreciation of the services of the veterans who had died since the last annual gathering at Washington. The others had reference to the pension question. The first to the effect that the services of the soldiers of the Mexican war entitled them to the same recognition at the hands of the Government as those who had borne arms in the defense of the United States on other fields. The second set forth that the veterans regarded as unjust the discrimination which had been made against the soldiers of the Mexican war in the matter of pension. The third asked Congress to comply with the demands of the twenty-eight States, by placing the survivors of the war upon the pension roll on equal terms with the survivors of the war of 1812. The last resolution declared that while the bill passed the House of Representatives last session was acceptable to the veterans, they protested against the Senate amendments, many of which, it was asserted, were outrageous and offered for the sole purpose of defeating the bill.

There was some discussion as to the desirability of passing a vote thanks to Martin I. Townsend, Congressman of Illinois, for his efforts for the pension bill. It was, however, generally deemed inadvisable to pass a special vote to Mr. Townsend, and a resolution was adopted thanking all the members of the National Association of Mexican Veterans for their efforts to pass the pension bill.

A resolution was next passed expressing appreciation of the services of the soldiers of the Mexican war, and of the death of Mr. Reynolds, of Philadelphia, who for some years had acted as Marshal at the annual reunions.

An old woman, of color, in the vicinity of the meeting, was seized by a crowd of men, and was carried off to a hospital. She was said to be a veteran of the Mexican war, and was being taken to a hospital for treatment.

The Secretary in his report stated that there were in the organization 4,457 members, and that the list of names was growing rapidly. He also stated that the organization was in a flourishing condition, and that the annual reunion was a great success.

At the afternoon session, letters were read from General Hancock regretting his inability to attend the reunion. Among the correspondence was a letter from the President of the United States, Mr. Grant, expressing his appreciation of the services of the veterans, and his regret that he was unable to attend the reunion.

The letter from the President was read by the Secretary, and was received with great applause. The letter was a most touching one, and expressed the President's deep appreciation of the services of the veterans, and his regret that he was unable to attend the reunion.

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THE COUNTRY'S CROPS.

The Average Condition of the Harvested and Unharvested Crops, as Reported by the Department of Agriculture.

Washington, D. C., October 15.

The Department of Agriculture reports that the average condition of the crops is better than in any year since 1875. The wheat crop is estimated at 100,000,000 bushels, and the corn crop at 1,000,000,000 bushels. The cotton crop is estimated at 10,000,000 bales, and the sugar crop at 1,000,000 tons.

The Department of Agriculture reports that the average condition of the crops is better than in any year since 1875. The wheat crop is estimated at 100,000,000 bushels, and the corn crop at 1,000,000,000 bushels. The cotton crop is estimated at 10,000,000 bales, and the sugar crop at 1,000,000 tons.

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